

(Barnes & Noble book catalogue)

INSTRUÇÃO: Responder às questões 46 a 60 com base nos textos acima.

46) The three texts aim to

- A) justify the titles given to the books.
- B) exemplify the pictures in the books.
- C) clarify the contents of the books.
- D) modify readers opinions of the books.
- E) multiply the pages in the books.

47) The information that **is missing** in the texts is that of

- A) how many pages each book has.
- B) how much each book costs.
- C) what each book is about.
- D) who has read each book.
- E) who wrote each of the books.

48) The book *Cat Shots* is a collection of photographs taken

- A) by Michelle Slung.
- B) of English cats.
- C) of popular pets.
- D) in black and white.
- E) around the world.

49) It is correct to say that *Cat Shots* is now

- A) less expensive than *The Beatles Files*.
- B) the least expensive of the three books.
- C) as expensive as *Cult Movies*.
- D) more expensive than *The Beatles Files*.
- E) the most expensive of the three books.

50) The word "shot" is used in the same sense in the title of the first book and in

- A) His last shot at writing was a failure.
- B) The dawn sky was shot with gold.
- C) Here's a nice shot of my three kids.
- D) She is the big shot in the company.
- E) Scotch? Just a shot and ice, please.

51) The subtitle for *Cult Movies* suggests that cult movies

- A) are always excellent movies.
- B) can be of various kinds.
- C) have similar titles.
- D) belong to the same gender.
- E) are usually musicals.

52) According to text 3, it is **not** correct to say that the book

- A) presents facts chronologically.
- B) carries hundreds of colour photos.
- C) has a very clever and witty text.
- D) uses press reports as a basis.
- E) has photos taken at recording studios.

53) The word “files” in the title *The Beatles Files* corresponds, in text 3, to the word

- A) photos.
- B) history.
- C) press.
- D) magazine.
- E) archives.

54) The conditional with “_ ever” as in text 1 (line 05) is used correctly in all alternatives **but**

- A) Wherever she goes, she always takes her cat.
- B) Whichever calls, just tell I'm not home.
- C) Whatever I do, I always seem to do it wrong.
- D) However I make it, the cake comes out flat.
- E) Whenever you wish to see me, just call.

55) O verbo “gracing” (texto 1 - linha 06) nos diz que o gato está _____ o jardim.

- A) revirando
- B) aproveitando
- C) enfeitando
- D) admirando
- E) poluindo

56) The preposition “at” (text 1 - line 09) is used **incorrectly** in

- A) She is very good at English.
- B) She always smiled at me.
- C) She threw the ball at Tom.
- D) She is a student at Oxford.
- E) She went for a walk at the park.

57) The expression “of all time” (text 2 - line 03) could be replaced by

- A) ever.
- B) every time.
- C) always.
- D) whenever.
- E) all times.

58) The word “but” as in “small but noisy” (text 2 - line 08) is used **incorrectly** in

- A) short but strong.
- B) long but easy.
- C) beautiful but charming.
- D) difficult but interesting.
- E) slow but efficient.

59) The word “engaging” (text 3 - line 01) tells us the collection is

- A) large.
- B) accurate.
- C) archival.
- D) attractive.
- E) intelligent.

60) The word “plus” (text 3 - line 08) **cannot** be replaced by

- A) in addition to.
- B) besides.
- C) as well as.
- D) apart from.
- E) and also.

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